No. 998

Introduced by Senator Cox

February 23, 2007

An act to amend Sections 25165 and 31155 of, and to add Sections 25146.5, 25166.5, 25213.4, 25232.4, 25245.5, 31204, and 31409 to, the Corporations Code, and to amend Sections 22050, 22105, 22109, and 50123 of, and to add Section 22065 Sections 12332, 12404, 17423.2, 17703, 22065, 22169, 22170, 23011.5, 23015, 50318.5, and 50512 to, the Financial Code, relating to-lending business.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 998, as amended, Cox. Lenders. Commissioner of Corporations: business regulation.

(1) Existing law provides for the regulation, by the Commissioner of Corporations, of broker-dealers, investment advisors, franchises, escrow agents, persons engaged in the business of making consumer loans or deferred deposit transactions, finance lenders, residential mortgage lenders, and check sellers, bill payers, and proraters. A willful violation of the laws regulating these individuals is a crime.

This bill would authorize the Commissioner of Corporations, with respect to those individuals, to issue an order suspending or removing any officer, director, 10% or more shareholder, managing member, or general partner from his or her office, as specified, and to prohibit that person from participating in the business, as specified, for prescribed cause.

Under existing law, all applicants, except California corporations, applying for qualification of the sale of securities or registration of an offer to sell franchises are required to file with the commissioner a

 $SB 998 \qquad \qquad -2-$

specified form appointing the commissioner as agent for service of process, as specified.

This bill would extend that exception to California limited partnerships and California limited liability companies.

Existing law makes it unlawful to make any untrue statement of a material fact in, among other things, an application filed with the commissioner.

This bill would make it unlawful to knowingly alter, destroy, mutilate, conceal, cover up, falsify, or make a false entry in any record, document, or tangible object with specified intent. The bill would also make it unlawful for any person to knowingly make an untrue statement to the commissioner during the course of licensing, an investigation or examination. The bill would specify that a person violating these provisions is liable for any applicable penalty, as specified. Because a willful violation of these provisions would be a crime, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

Existing

(2) Existing law, the California Finance Lenders Law, provides for the licensure and regulation of finance lenders, as defined, by the Commissioner of Corporations commissioner and exempts specified entities from its provisions. Existing law requires the commissioner to investigate an applicant for licensure and, in the case of an applicant that is a corporation, trust, or association, to investigate its principal officers, directors, and certain other persons. Existing law authorizes the commissioner to deny an application for licensure under specified conditions.

This bill would exempt a person from the California Finance Lenders Law if that person is doing business under the laws of any state relating to, among other things, banks, credit unions, and small business investment companies. The bill would also exempt specified commercial loan transactions with sophisticated borrowers, as defined, from the provisions of the California Finance Lenders Law. The bill would require the commissioner, in investigating applications for licensure submitted by a corporation, trust, limited liability company, or association, to additionally investigate the applicant and its managing members. The bill would also authorize the commissioner to deny an application for licensure if the applicant itself has, within the last 10 years, been convicted or plead nolo contendere to a crime or committed specified acts involving dishonesty, fraud, or deceit.

Existing

3 SB 998

(3) Existing law, the California Residential Mortgage Lending Act, provides for the licensing and regulation by the commissioner of persons engaged in the business of making residential mortgage loans or servicing those loans. The California Residential Mortgage Lending Act requires a licensee that ceases to engage in activity regulated by the act, and that no longer desire to be licensed, to inform the commissioner in writing, surrender the license, and file other specified information with the commissioner, including a plan for the withdrawal from regulated business that includes a closing audit performed by an independent certified public accountant.

This bill would instead require the plan for withdrawal to include either the closing audit or a review or other procedures prescribed by rule or order of the commissioner.

(4) The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no-yes.

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The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 25146.5 is added to the Corporations 2 Code, to read:
 - 25146.5. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the commissioner may issue an order suspending or removing a subject person of an issuer from his or her office with the issuer or from control of the issuer and prohibiting the subject person from further participating in any manner in the conduct of the business of the issuer, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, if, after notice and opportunity for a hearing, the commissioner finds the following:
- 11 (1) (A) The subject person has violated any provision of this 12 division or of any regulation or order issued under this division, 13 or any provision of any other applicable law relating to the 14 business of an issuer; or

SB 998 —4—

(B) The subject person has engaged or participated in any unsafe or unsound act with respect to the business of the issuer; or

- (C) The subject person has committed or engaged in any act which constitutes a breach of his or her fiduciary duty as a subject person; and
- (2) (A) The issuer has suffered or will probably suffer substantial financial loss or other damage by reason of that violation, act, or breach of fiduciary duty; or
- (B) The interests of the issuer's clients have been or are likely to be seriously prejudiced by reason of the violation, act, or breach of fiduciary duty; or
- (C) The subject person has received financial gain by reason of that violation, act, or breach of fiduciary duty; and
- (3) The violation, act, or breach of fiduciary duty is one involving personal dishonesty on the part of the subject person or one that demonstrates a willful or continuing disregard for the safety or soundness of the issuer's business.
- (b) The commissioner may issue an order suspending or removing a subject person of an issuer from his or her office with the issuer or from control of the issuer and prohibiting the subject person from further participating in any manner in the conduct of the business of the issuer, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, if, after notice and opportunity for a hearing, the commissioner finds the following:
- (1) The subject person's conduct or practice with respect to another issuer or business institution has resulted in substantial financial loss or other damage; and
- (2) The conduct or practice has evidenced personal dishonesty or willful or continuing disregard for the safety and soundness of the other issuer or business institution; and
- (3) The conduct or practice is relevant in that it demonstrates unfitness to continue as a subject person of the issuer.
- (c) The commissioner may immediately issue an order suspending or removing a subject person of an issuer from his or her office with the issuer or from control of the issuer and prohibiting the subject person from further participating in any manner in the conduct of the business of the issuer, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, if the commissioner finds and gives the subject person notice of the following:

5 SB 998

(1) It is necessary for the protection of the issuer or the interests of the issuer's clients that the commissioner issue the order immediately, and

- (2) (A) Any of the factors set forth in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subdivision (a) and any of the factors set forth in paragraph (3) of subdivision (b) are true with respect to the subject person; or
- (B) Any of the factors set forth in paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of subdivision (b), and the factor set forth in paragraph (3) of subdivision (b) are true with respect to the subject person.
- (d) (1) The commissioner may immediately issue an order suspending or removing a subject person of an issuer from his or her office with the issuer or from control of the issuer and prohibiting the subject person from further participating in any manner in the conduct of the business of the issuer, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, if the commissioner finds and gives the subject person notice of the following:
- (A) The subject person has been charged in an indictment issued by a grand jury or in an information, complaint, or similar pleading issued by a United States attorney, district attorney, or other governmental official or agency authorized to prosecute crimes, with a crime that is punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year and that involves dishonesty or breach of trust; and
- (B) The person's continuing to serve as a subject person of the issuer may pose a material threat to the interest of the issuer's clients or may threaten to materially impair public confidence in the issuer. In case the criminal proceedings are terminated other than by a judgment of conviction the order shall be deemed rescinded.
- (2) The commissioner may immediately issue an order suspending or removing a subject person of an issuer, or a former subject of an issuer, from his or her office with the issuer or from control of the issuer, and prohibiting the person from further participating in any manner in the conduct of the business of the issuer, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, if the commissioner finds and gives the subject person notice of the following:
- (A) The person has been finally convicted of a crime which is punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year and which involves dishonesty or breach of trust; and

SB 998 -6-

(B) The person's continuing to serve or resumption of service as a subject person of the issuer may pose a material threat to the interests of the issuer's clients or may threaten to materially impair public confidence in the issuer.

- (3) The fact that a subject person of an issuer charged with a crime involving dishonesty or breach of trust is not finally convicted of that crime shall not preclude the commissioner from issuing an order regarding the subject person pursuant to other provisions of this division.
- (e) Within 30 days after an order is issued pursuant to subdivision (c) or (d), the person to whom the order is issued may file an application for a hearing.
- (f) Any person to whom an order is issued under subdivision (a), (b), (c), or (d) may apply to the commissioner to modify or rescind that order. The commissioner shall not grant that application unless the commissioner finds that it is in the public interest to do so and that it is reasonable to believe that the person will, if and when he or she becomes a subject person of an issuer, comply with all applicable provisions of the applicable law and of any regulation or order issued thereunder.
- (g) (1) It is unlawful for any subject person of an issuer or former subject person of an issuer to whom an order is issued under subdivision (a), (b), (c), or (d) to do any of the following, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, so long as the order is effective:
- (A) To serve or act as a officer, director, 10 percent or more shareholder, managing member, or general partner of any issuer.
- (B) To vote any shares or other securities of an issuer having voting rights for the election of any person as a director of an issuer.
- (C) Directly or indirectly, to solicit, procure, or transfer or attempt to transfer, or vote any proxy, consent, or authorization with respect to any shares or other securities of any issuer having voting rights.
- (D) Otherwise to participate in any manner in the conduct of the business of any issuer.
- (2) Any person who violates paragraph (1) shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) or imprisoned in the state prison, or in a county jail not to exceed one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

7 SB 998

(3) If the commissioner believes that any person has violated paragraph (1), the commissioner may bring an action in a court of competent jurisdiction petitioning the court to assess that person a civil penalty in an amount as the commissioner may specify; provided, however, that the amount of the civil penalty shall not exceed two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) for each violation or, in the case of a continuing violation, two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) for each day for which the violation continues.

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In determining the amount of a civil penalty to be assessed under this paragraph, the court shall consider the financial resources and good faith of the person charged, the gravity of the violation, the history of previous violations by the person, and such other factors as in the opinion of the court may be relevant.

- (h) A hearing held pursuant to this section shall be private unless the commissioner, in his or her discretion, after fully considering the views of the parties, determines that a public hearing is necessary to protect the public interest.
- (i) For purposes of this section, "subject person" means any officer, director, 10 percent or more shareholder, managing member, or general partner.
- SEC. 2. Section 25165 of the Corporations Code is amended to read:

25165. Every applicant for qualification of the sale of securities under this law or every person filing an application or a notice under Sections 25100.1, 25101.1, 25102.1, and 25230.1 or a request for or notice of an exemption from qualification (other than a California corporation, California limited partnership, California limited liability company, or a person licensed as a broker-dealer in this state) shall file with the commissioner, in such form as prescribed by rule, an irrevocable consent appointing the commissioner or his or her successor in office to be the applicant's or person's attorney to receive service of any lawful process in any noncriminal suit, action or proceeding against the applicant or person or the successor, executor or administrator thereof, which arises under this law or any rule or order hereunder after the consent has been filed, with the same force and validity as if served personally on the person filing the consent. A person who has filed such a consent in connection with a previous qualification under this law (or application for a permit under any prior law if the

-8-**SB 998**

application under this law states that such consent is still effective).

- or in connection with a notice filing under Section 25100.1,
- 3 25101.1, 25102.1, and 25230.1, need not file another. Service may
- 4 be made by leaving a copy of the process in the office of the
- commissioner but it is not effective unless (1) the plaintiff, who may be the commissioner in a suit, action or proceeding instituted 6
- 7 by him or her, forthwith sends notice of the service and a copy of
- 8 the process by registered or certified mail to the defendant or
- respondent at the last address on file with the commissioner, and
- (2) the plaintiff's affidavit of compliance with this section is filed 10 in the case on or before the return day of the process, if any, or 11
- 12 within such further time as the court allows.

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- SEC. 3. Section 25166.5 is added to the Corporations Code, to read:
- 25166.5. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, it is unlawful for any person to knowingly alter, destroy, mutilate, conceal, cover up, falsify, or make a false entry in any record, document, or tangible object with the intent to impede, obstruct, or influence the administration or enforcement of any provision of this division.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, it is unlawful for any person to knowingly make an untrue statement to the commissioner during the course of licensing, an investigation or examination.
- (c) Any person who violates any provision of this section shall be liable for any administrative, civil, or criminal penalty authorized by law.
- SEC. 4. Section 25213.4 is added to the Corporations Code, to read:
- 25213.4. (a) Notwithstanding Section 25213 or any other provision of law, the commissioner may issue an order suspending or removing a subject person of a broker-dealer from his or her office with the broker-dealer or from control of the broker-dealer and prohibiting the subject person from further participating in any manner in the conduct of the business of the broker-dealer, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, if, after notice and opportunity for a hearing, the commissioner finds the *following:*
- (1) (A) The subject person has violated any provision of this 40 division or of any regulation or order issued under this division,

9 SB 998

or any provision of any other applicable law relating to the business of the broker-dealer; or

- (B) The subject person has engaged or participated in any unsafe or unsound act with respect to the business of the broker-dealer; or
- (C) The subject person has committed or engaged in any act which constitutes a breach of his or her fiduciary duty as a subject person; and
- (2) (A) The broker-dealer has suffered or will probably suffer substantial financial loss or other damage by reason of that violation, act, or breach of fiduciary duty; or
- (B) The interests of the broker-dealer's clients have been or are likely to be seriously prejudiced by reason of the violation, act, or breach of fiduciary duty; or
- (C) The subject person has received financial gain by reason of that violation, act, or breach of fiduciary duty; and
- (3) The violation, act, or breach of fiduciary duty is one involving personal dishonesty on the part of the subject person or one that demonstrates a willful or continuing disregard for the safety or soundness of the broker-dealer's business.
- (b) The commissioner may issue an order suspending or removing a subject person of a broker-dealer from his or her office with the broker-dealer or from control of the broker-dealer and prohibiting the subject person from further participating in any manner in the conduct of the business of the broker-dealer, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, if, after notice and opportunity for a hearing, the commissioner finds the following:
- (1) The subject person's conduct or practice with respect to another broker-dealer or business institution has resulted in substantial financial loss or other damage; and
- (2) The conduct or practice has evidenced personal dishonesty or willful or continuing disregard for the safety and soundness of the other broker-dealer or business institution; and
- (3) The conduct or practice is relevant in that it demonstrates unfitness to continue as a subject person of the broker-dealer.
- (c) The commissioner may immediately issue an order suspending or removing a subject person of a broker-dealer from his or her office with the broker-dealer or from control of the broker-dealer and prohibiting the subject person from further participating in any manner in the conduct of the business of the

SB 998 — 10 —

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broker-dealer, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, if the commissioner finds and gives the subject person notice of the following:

- (1) It is necessary for the protection of the broker-dealer or the interests of the broker-dealer's clients that the commissioner issue the order immediately, and
- (2) (A) Any of the factors set forth in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subdivision (a) and any of the factors set forth in paragraph (3) of subdivision (b) are true with respect to the subject person; or
- (B) That any of the factors set forth in paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of subdivision (b), and the factor set forth in paragraph (3) of subdivision (b) are true with respect to the subject person.
- (d) (1) The commissioner may immediately issue an order suspending or removing a subject person of a broker-dealer from his or her office with the broker-dealer or from control of the broker-dealer and prohibiting the subject person from further participating in any manner in the conduct of the business of the broker-dealer, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, if the commissioner finds and gives the subject person notice of the following:
- (A) The subject person has been charged in an indictment issued by a grand jury or in an information, complaint, or similar pleading issued by a United States attorney, district attorney, or other governmental official or agency authorized to prosecute crimes, with a crime that is punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year and that involves dishonesty or breach of trust; and
- (B) The person's continuing to serve as a subject person of the broker-dealer may pose a material threat to the interest of the broker-dealer's clients or may threaten to materially impair public confidence in the broker-dealer. In case the criminal proceedings are terminated other than by a judgment of conviction the order shall be deemed rescinded.
- (2) The commissioner may immediately issue an order suspending or removing a subject person of a broker-dealer, or a former subject of a broker-dealer, from his or her office with the broker-dealer or from control of the broker-dealer and prohibiting the person from further participating in any manner in the conduct of the business of the broker-dealer, except with the prior consent

-11- SB 998

of the commissioner, if the commissioner finds and gives the subject person notice of the following:

- (A) The person has been finally convicted of a crime which is punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year and which involves dishonesty or breach of trust; and
- (B) The person's continuing to serve or resumption of service as a subject person of the broker-dealer may pose a material threat to the interests of the broker-dealer's clients or may threaten to materially impair public confidence in the broker-dealer.
- (3) The fact that a subject person of a broker-dealer charged with a crime involving dishonesty or breach of trust is not finally convicted of that crime shall not preclude the commissioner from issuing an order regarding the subject person pursuant to other provisions of this division.
- (e) Within 30 days after an order is issued pursuant to subdivision (c) or (d), the person to whom the order is issued may file an application for a hearing.
- (f) Any person to whom an order is issued under subdivision (a), (b), (c), or (d) may apply to the commissioner to modify or rescind that order. The commissioner shall not grant that application unless the commissioner finds that it is in the public interest to do so and that it is reasonable to believe that the person will, if and when he or she becomes a subject person of a broker-dealer, comply with all applicable provisions of the applicable law and of any regulation or order issued thereunder.
- (g) (1) It is unlawful for any subject person of a broker-dealer or former subject person of a broker-dealer to whom an order is issued under subdivision (a), (b), (c), or (d) to do any of the following, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, so long as the order is effective:
- (A) To serve or act as a officer, director, 10 percent or more shareholder, managing member, or general partner of any broker-dealer.
- (B) To vote any shares or other securities of a broker-dealer having voting rights for the election of any person as a director of a broker-dealer.
- (C) Directly or indirectly, to solicit, procure, or transfer or attempt to transfer, or vote any proxy, consent, or authorization with respect to any shares or other securities of any broker-dealer having voting rights.

SB 998 — 12—

(D) Otherwise to participate in any manner in the conduct of the business of any broker-dealer.

- (2) Any person who violates paragraph (1) shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) or imprisoned in the state prison, or in a county jail not to exceed one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment.
- (3) If the commissioner believes that any person has violated paragraph (1), the commissioner may bring an action in a court of competent jurisdiction petitioning the court to assess that person a civil penalty in an amount as the commissioner may specify; provided, however, that the amount of the civil penalty shall not exceed two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) for each violation or, in the case of a continuing violation, two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) for each day for which the violation continues.

In determining the amount of a civil penalty to be assessed under this paragraph, the court shall consider the financial resources and good faith of the person charged, the gravity of the violation, the history of previous violations by the person, and such other factors as in the opinion of the court may be relevant.

- (h) A hearing held pursuant to this section shall be private unless the commissioner, in his or her discretion, after fully considering the views of the parties, determines that a public hearing is necessary to protect the public interest.
- (i) For purposes of this section, "subject person" means any officer, director, 10 percent or more shareholder, managing member, or general partner.
- SEC. 5. Section 25232.4 is added to the Corporations Code, to read:
- 25232.4. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the commissioner may issue an order suspending or removing a subject person of an investment adviser from his or her office with the investment adviser or from control of the investment adviser and prohibiting the subject person from further participating in any manner in the conduct of the business of the investment adviser, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, if, after notice and opportunity for a hearing, the commissioner finds the following:
- (1) (A) The subject person has violated any provision of this division or of any regulation or order issued under this division,

13 SB 998

or any provision of any other applicable law relating to the business of an investment adviser; or

- (B) The subject person has engaged or participated in any unsafe or unsound act with respect to the business of the investment adviser; or
- (C) The subject person has committed or engaged in any act which constitutes a breach of his or her fiduciary duty as a subject person; and
- (2) (A) The investment adviser has suffered or will probably suffer substantial financial loss or other damage by reason of that violation, act, or breach of fiduciary duty; or
- (B) The interests of the investment adviser's clients have been or are likely to be seriously prejudiced by reason of the violation, act, or breach of fiduciary duty; or
- (C) The subject person has received financial gain by reason of that violation, act, or breach of fiduciary duty; and
- (3) The violation, act, or breach of fiduciary duty is one involving personal dishonesty on the part of the subject person or one that demonstrates a willful or continuing disregard for the safety or soundness of the investment adviser's business.
- (b) The commissioner may issue an order suspending or removing a subject person of an investment adviser from his or her office with the investment adviser or from control of the investment adviser and prohibiting the subject person from further participating in any manner in the conduct of the business of the investment adviser, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, if, after notice and opportunity for a hearing, the commissioner finds the following:
- (1) The subject person's conduct or practice with respect to another investment adviser or business institution has resulted in substantial financial loss or other damage; and
- (2) The conduct or practice has evidenced personal dishonesty or willful or continuing disregard for the safety and soundness of the other investment adviser or business institution; and
- (3) The conduct or practice is relevant in that it demonstrates unfitness to continue as a subject person of the investment adviser.
- (c) The commissioner may immediately issue an order suspending or removing a subject person of an investment adviser from his or her office with the investment adviser or from control of the investment adviser and prohibiting the subject person from

SB 998 —14—

further participating in any manner in the conduct of the business of the investment adviser, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, if the commissioner finds and gives the subject person notice of the following:

- (1) It is necessary for the protection of the investment adviser or the interests of the investment adviser's clients that the commissioner issue the order immediately, and
- (2) (A) Any of the factors set forth in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subdivision (a) and any of the factors set forth in paragraph (3) of subdivision (b) are true with respect to the subject person; or
- (B) Any of the factors set forth in paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of subdivision (b), and the factor set forth in paragraph (3) of subdivision (b) are true with respect to the subject person.
- (d) (1) The commissioner may immediately issue an order suspending or removing a subject person of an investment adviser from his or her office with the investment adviser or from control of the investment adviser and prohibiting the subject person from further participating in any manner in the conduct of the business of the investment adviser, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, if the commissioner finds and gives the subject person notice of the following:
- (A) The subject person has been charged in an indictment issued by a grand jury or in an information, complaint, or similar pleading issued by a United States attorney, district attorney, or other governmental official or agency authorized to prosecute crimes, with a crime that is punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year and that involves dishonesty or breach of trust; and
- (B) The person's continuing to serve as a subject person of the investment adviser may pose a material threat to the interest of the investment adviser's clients or may threaten to materially impair public confidence in the investment adviser. In case the criminal proceedings are terminated other than by a judgment of conviction the order shall be deemed rescinded.
- (2) The commissioner may immediately issue an order suspending or removing a subject person of an investment adviser or a former subject of an investment adviser, from his or her office with the investment adviser or from control of the investment adviser and prohibiting the person from further participating in any manner in the conduct of the business of the investment adviser,

15 SB 998

except with the prior consent of the commissioner, if the commissioner finds and gives the subject person notice of the following:

- (A) The person has been finally convicted of a crime that is punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year and that involves dishonesty or breach of trust; and
- (B) The person's continuing to serve or resumption of service as a subject person of the investment adviser may pose a material threat to the interests of the investment adviser's clients or may threaten to materially impair public confidence in the investment adviser.
- (3) The fact that a subject person of an investment adviser charged with a crime involving dishonesty or breach of trust is not finally convicted of that crime shall not preclude the commissioner from issuing an order regarding the subject person pursuant to other provisions of this division.
- (e) Within 30 days after an order is issued pursuant to subdivision (c) or (d), the person to whom the order is issued may file an application for a hearing.
- (f) Any person to whom an order is issued under subdivision (a), (b), (c), or (d) may apply to the commissioner to modify or rescind that order. The commissioner shall not grant that application unless the commissioner finds that it is in the public interest to do so and that it is reasonable to believe that the person will, if and when he or she becomes a subject person of an investment adviser, comply with all applicable provisions of the applicable law and of any regulation or order issued thereunder.
- (g) (1) It is unlawful for any subject person of an investment adviser or former subject person of an investment adviser to whom an order is issued under subdivision (a), (b), (c), or (d) to do any of the following, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, so long as the order is effective:
- (A) To serve or act as a officer, director, 10 percent or more shareholder, managing member, or general partner of any investment adviser.
- (B) To vote any shares or other securities of an investment adviser having voting rights, for the election of any person as a director of an investment adviser.
- (C) Directly or indirectly, to solicit, procure, or transfer or attempt to transfer, or vote any proxy, consent, or authorization

SB 998 —16—

with respect to any shares or other securities of any investmentadviser having voting rights.

- (D) Otherwise to participate in any manner in the conduct of the business of any investment adviser.
- (2) Any person who violates paragraph (1) shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) or imprisoned in the state prison, or in a county jail not to exceed one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment.
- (3) If the commissioner believes that any person has violated paragraph (1), the commissioner may bring an action in a court of competent jurisdiction petitioning the court to assess that person a civil penalty in an amount as the commissioner may specify; provided, however, that the amount of the civil penalty shall not exceed two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) for each violation or, in the case of a continuing violation, two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) for each day for which the violation continues.

In determining the amount of a civil penalty to be assessed under this paragraph, the court shall consider the financial resources and good faith of the person charged, the gravity of the violation, the history of previous violations by the person, and such other factors as in the opinion of the court may be relevant.

- (h) A hearing held pursuant to this section shall be private unless the commissioner, in his or her discretion, after fully considering the views of the parties, determines that a public hearing is necessary to protect the public interest.
- (i) For purposes of this section, "subject person" means any officer, director, 10 percent or more shareholder, managing member, or general partner.
- SEC. 6. Section 25245.5 is added to the Corporations Code, to read:
- 25245.5. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, it is unlawful for any person to knowingly alter, destroy, mutilate, conceal, cover up, falsify, or make a false entry in any record, document, or tangible object with the intent to impede, obstruct, or influence the administration or enforcement of any provision of this division.
- 38 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, it is unlawful 39 for any person to knowingly make an untrue statement to the

—17 — **SB 998**

commissioner during the course of licensing, an investigation or 2 examination.

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- (c) Any person who violates any provision of this section shall be liable for any administrative, civil, or criminal penalty authorized by law.
- SEC. 7. Section 31155 of the Corporations Code is amended to read:
- 31155. Every applicant for registration of an offer to sell franchises under this law, by other than a California corporation, California limited partnership, or California limited liability company, shall file with the commissioner, in such form as he by rule prescribed, an irrevocable consent appointing the commissioner or his successor in office to be his attorney to receive service of any lawful process in any noncriminal suit, action or proceeding against him or his successor, executor or administrator, which arises under this law or any rule or order hereunder after the consent has been filed, with the same force and validity as if served personally on the person filing the consent. A person who has filed such a consent in connection with a previous registration under this law need not file another. Service may be made by leaving a copy of the process in the office of the commissioner but it is not effective unless (a) the plaintiff, who may be the commissioner in a suit, action or proceeding instituted by him, forthwith sends notice of the service and a copy of the process by registered or certified mail to the defendant or respondent at his last address on file with the commissioner, and (b) the plaintiff's affidavit of compliance with this section is filed in the case on or before the return day of the process, if any, or within such further time as the court allows.
- SEC. 8. Section 31204 is added to the Corporations Code, to read:
- 31204. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, it is unlawful for any person to knowingly alter, destroy, mutilate, conceal, cover up, falsify, or make a false entry in any record, document, or tangible object with the intent to impede, obstruct, or influence the administration or enforcement of any provision of this division.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, it is unlawful for any person to knowingly make an untrue statement to the

SB 998 —18—

1 commissioner during the course of licensing, an investigation or 2 examination.

- (c) Any person who violates any provision of this section shall be liable for any administrative, civil, or criminal penalty authorized by law.
- SEC. 9. Section 31409 is added to the Corporations Code, to read:
- 31409. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the commissioner may issue an order suspending or removing a subject person of a franchisor from his or her office with the franchisor or from control of the franchisor and prohibiting the subject person from further participating in any manner in the conduct of the business of the franchisor, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, if, after notice and opportunity for a hearing, the commissioner finds the following:
- (1) (A) The subject person has violated any provision of this division or of any regulation or order issued under this division, or any provision of any other applicable law relating to the business of a franchisor; or
- (B) The subject person has engaged or participated in any unsafe or unsound act with respect to the business of the franchisor; or
- (C) The subject person has committed or engaged in any act that constitutes a breach of his or her fiduciary duty as a subject person; and
- (2) (A) The franchisor has suffered or will probably suffer substantial financial loss or other damage by reason of that violation, act, or breach of fiduciary duty; or
- (B) The interests of the franchisor's customers have been or are likely to be seriously prejudiced by reason of the violation, act, or breach of fiduciary duty; or
- (C) The subject person has received financial gain by reason of that violation, act, or breach of fiduciary duty; and
- (3) The violation, act, or breach of fiduciary duty is one involving personal dishonesty on the part of the subject person or one that demonstrates a willful or continuing disregard for the safety or soundness of the franchisor's business.
- (b) The commissioner may issue an order suspending or removing a subject person of a franchisor from his or her office with the franchisor or from control of the franchisor and

-19- SB 998

prohibiting the subject person from further participating in any manner in the conduct of the business of the franchisor, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, if, after notice and opportunity for a hearing, the commissioner finds the following:

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- (1) The subject person's conduct or practice with respect to another franchisor or business institution has resulted in substantial financial loss or other damage; and
- (2) The conduct or practice has evidenced personal dishonesty or willful or continuing disregard for the safety and soundness of the other franchisor or business institution; and
- (3) The conduct or practice is relevant in that it demonstrates unfitness to continue as a subject person of the franchisor.
- (c) The commissioner may immediately issue an order suspending or removing a subject person of a franchisor from his or her office with the franchisor or from control of the franchisor and prohibiting the subject person from further participating in any manner in the conduct of the business of the franchisor, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, if the commissioner finds and provides the subject person notice of the following:
- (1) It is necessary for the protection of the franchisor or the interests of the franchisor's clients that the commissioner issue the order immediately, and
- (2) (A) Any of the factors set forth in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subdivision (a) and any of the factors set forth in paragraph (3) of subdivision (b) are true with respect to the subject person; or
- (B) Any of the factors set forth in paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of subdivision (b), and the factor set forth in paragraph (3) of subdivision (b) are true with respect to the subject person.
- (d) (1) The commissioner may immediately issue an order suspending or removing a subject person of a franchisor from his or her office with the franchisor or from control of the franchisor and prohibiting the subject person from further participating in any manner in the conduct of the business of the franchisor, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, if the commissioner finds and provides the subject person notice of the following:
- (A) The subject person has been charged in an indictment issued by a grand jury or in an information, complaint, or similar pleading issued by a United States attorney, district attorney, or other governmental official or agency authorized to prosecute crimes, with a crime that is punishable by imprisonment for a term

SB 998 — 20—

1 exceeding one year and that involves dishonesty or breach of trust;
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- (B) The person's continuing to serve as a subject person of the franchisor may pose a material threat to the interest of the franchisor's clients or may threaten to materially impair public confidence in the franchisor. In case the criminal proceedings are terminated other than by a judgment of conviction the order shall be deemed rescinded.
- (2) The commissioner may immediately issue an order suspending or removing a subject person of a franchisor, or a former subject person of a franchisor, from his or her office with the franchisor or from control of the franchisor and prohibiting the person from further participating in any manner in the conduct of the business of the franchisor, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, if the commissioner finds and gives the subject person notice of the following:
- (A) The person has been finally convicted of a crime that is punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year and that involves dishonesty or breach of trust; and
- (B) The person's continuing to serve or resumption of service as a subject person of the franchisor may pose a material threat to the interests of the franchisor's clients or may threaten to materially impair public confidence in the franchisor.
- (3) The fact that a subject person of a licensee charged with a crime involving dishonesty or breach of trust is not finally convicted of that crime shall not preclude the commissioner from issuing an order regarding the subject person pursuant to other provisions of this division.
- (e) Within 30 days after an order is issued pursuant to subdivision (c) or (d), the person to whom the order is issued may file an application for a hearing.
- (f) Any person to whom an order is issued under subdivision (a), (b), (c), or (d) may apply to the commissioner to modify or rescind that order. The commissioner shall not grant that application unless the commissioner finds that it is in the public interest to do so and that it is reasonable to believe that the person will, if and when he or she becomes a subject person of a franchisor, comply with all applicable provisions of the applicable law and of any regulation or order issued thereunder.

—21— SB 998

(g) (1) It is unlawful for any subject person of a franchisor or former subject person of a franchisor to whom an order is issued under subdivision (a), (b), (c), or (d) to do any of the following, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, so long as the order is effective:

- (A) To serve or act as a officer, director, 10 percent or more shareholder, managing member, or general partner of any franchisor.
- (B) To vote any shares or other securities of a franchisor having voting rights, for the election of any person as a director of a franchisor.
- (C) Directly or indirectly, to solicit, procure, or transfer or attempt to transfer, or vote any proxy, consent, or authorization with respect to any shares or other securities of any franchisor having voting rights.
- (D) Otherwise to participate in any manner in the conduct of the business of any franchisor.
- (2) Any person who violates paragraph (1) shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) or imprisoned in the state prison, or in a county jail not to exceed one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment.
- (3) If the commissioner believes that any person has violated paragraph (1), the commissioner may bring an action in a court of competent jurisdiction petitioning the court to assess that person a civil penalty in an amount as the commissioner may specify; provided, however, that the amount of the civil penalty shall not exceed two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) for each violation or, in the case of a continuing violation, two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) for each day for which the violation continues.

In determining the amount of a civil penalty to be assessed under this paragraph, the court shall consider the financial resources and good faith of the person charged, the gravity of the violation, the history of previous violations by the person, and such other factors as in the opinion of the court may be relevant.

(h) A hearing held pursuant to this section shall be private unless the commissioner, in his or her discretion, after fully considering the views of the parties, determines that a public hearing is necessary to protect the public interest.

— 22 — SB 998

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(i) For purposes of this section, "subject person" means any officer, director, 10 percent or more shareholder, managing member, or general partner.

- SEC. 10. Section 12332 is added to the Financial Code, to read:
 - 12332. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, it is unlawful for any person to knowingly alter, destroy, mutilate, conceal, cover up, falsify, or make a false entry in any record, document, or tangible object with the intent to impede, obstruct, or influence the administration or enforcement of any provision of this division.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, it is unlawful for any person to knowingly make an untrue statement to the commissioner during the course of licensing, an investigation or examination.
- (c) Any person who violates any provision of this section shall be liable for any administrative, civil, or criminal penalty authorized by law.
- SEC. 11. Section 12404 is added to the Financial Code, to read:
- 12404. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the commissioner may issue an order suspending or removing a subject person of a licensee from his or her office with the licensee or from control of the licensee and prohibiting the subject person from further participating in any manner in the conduct of the business of the licensee, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, if, after notice and opportunity for a hearing, the commissioner finds the following:
- (1) (A) The subject person has violated any provision of this division or of any regulation or order issued under this division, or any provision of any other applicable law relating to the business of a licensee; or
- (B) The subject person has engaged or participated in any unsafe or unsound act with respect to the business of the licensee;
- (C) The subject person has committed or engaged in any act 36 which constitutes a breach of his or her fiduciary duty as a subject 38 person; and

SB 998

(2) (A) The licensee has suffered or will probably suffer substantial financial loss or other damage by reason of that violation, act, or breach of fiduciary duty; or

- (B) The interests of the licensee's customers have been or are likely to be seriously prejudiced by reason of the violation, act, or breach of fiduciary duty; or
- (C) The subject person has received financial gain by reason of that violation, act, or breach of fiduciary duty; and
- (3) The violation, act, or breach of fiduciary duty is one involving personal dishonesty on the part of the subject person or one that demonstrates a willful or continuing disregard for the safety or soundness of the licensee's business.
- (b) The commissioner may issue an order suspending or removing a subject person of a licensee from his or her office with the licensee or from control of the licensee and prohibiting the subject person from further participating in any manner in the conduct of the business of the licensee, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, if, after notice and opportunity for a hearing, the commissioner finds the following:
- (1) The subject person's conduct or practice with respect to another licensee or business institution has resulted in substantial financial loss or other damage; and
- (2) The conduct or practice has evidenced personal dishonesty or willful or continuing disregard for the safety and soundness of the other licensee or business institution; and
- (3) The conduct or practice is relevant in that it demonstrates unfitness to continue as a subject person of the licensee.
- (c) The commissioner may immediately issue an order suspending or removing a subject person of a licensee from his or her office with the licensee or from control of the licensee and prohibiting the subject person from further participating in any manner in the conduct of the business of the licensee, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, if the commissioner finds and provides the subject person notice of the following:
- (1) It is necessary for the protection of the licensee or the interests of the licensee's clients that the commissioner issue the order immediately, and
- (2) (A) Any of the factors set forth in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subdivision (a) and any of the factors set forth in paragraph (3) of subdivision (b) are true with respect to the subject person; or

SB 998 — 24—

(B) Any of the factors set forth in paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of subdivision (b), and the factor set forth in paragraph (3) of subdivision (b) are true with respect to the subject person.

- (d) (1) The commissioner may immediately issue an order suspending or removing a subject person of a licensee from his or her office with the licensee or from control of the licensee and prohibiting the subject person from further participating in any manner in the conduct of the business of the licensee, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, if the commissioner finds and gives the subject person notice of the following:
- (A) The subject person has been charged in an indictment issued by a grand jury or in an information, complaint, or similar pleading issued by a United States attorney, district attorney, or other governmental official or agency authorized to prosecute crimes, with a crime which is punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year and which involves dishonesty or breach of trust; and
- (B) The person's continuing to serve as a subject person of the licensee may pose a material threat to the interest of the licensee's clients or may threaten to materially impair public confidence in the licensee. In case the criminal proceedings are terminated other than by a judgment of conviction the order shall be deemed rescinded.
- (2) The commissioner may immediately issue an order suspending or removing a subject person of a licensee or a former subject of a licensee, from his or her office with the licensee or from control of the licensee, and prohibiting the person from further participating in any manner in the conduct of the business of the licensee, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, if the commissioner finds and gives the subject person notice of the following:
- (A) The person has been finally convicted of a crime that is punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year and that involves dishonesty or breach of trust; and
- (B) The person's continuing to serve or resumption of service as a subject person of the licensee may pose a material threat to the interests of the licensee's clients or may threaten to materially impair public confidence in the licensee.
- (3) The fact that a subject person of a licensee charged with a crime involving dishonesty or breach of trust is not finally

__ 25 __ SB 998

convicted of that crime shall not preclude the commissioner from issuing an order regarding the subject person pursuant to other provisions of this division.

- (e) Within 30 days after an order is issued pursuant to subdivision (c) or (d), the person to whom the order is issued may file an application for a hearing.
- (f) Any person to whom an order is issued under subdivision (a), (b), (c), or (d) may apply to the commissioner to modify or rescind that order. The commissioner shall not grant that application unless the commissioner finds that it is in the public interest to do so and that it is reasonable to believe that the person will, if and when he or she becomes a subject person of a licensee, comply with all applicable provisions of the applicable law and of any regulation or order issued thereunder.
- (g) (1) It is unlawful for any subject person of a licensee or former subject person of a licensee to whom an order is issued under subdivision (a), (b), (c), or (d) to do any of the following, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, so long as the order is effective:
- (A) To serve or act as a officer, director, 10 percent or more shareholder, managing member, or general partner of any licensee.
- (B) To vote any shares or other securities of a licensee having voting rights, for the election of any person as a director of a licensee.
- (C) Directly or indirectly, to solicit, procure, or transfer or attempt to transfer, or vote any proxy, consent, or authorization with respect to any shares or other securities of any licensee having voting rights.
- (D) Otherwise to participate in any manner in the conduct of the business of any licensee.
- (2) Any person who violates paragraph (1) shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) or imprisoned in the state prison, or in a county jail not to exceed one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment.
- (3) If the commissioner believes that any person has violated paragraph (1), the commissioner may bring an action in a court of competent jurisdiction petitioning the court to assess that person a civil penalty in an amount as the commissioner may specify; provided, however, that the amount of the civil penalty shall not exceed two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) for each

SB 998 — 26—

violation or, in the case of a continuing violation, two thousand
 five hundred dollars (\$2,500) for each day for which the violation
 continues.

In determining the amount of a civil penalty to be assessed under this paragraph, the court shall consider the financial resources and good faith of the person charged, the gravity of the violation, the history of previous violations by the person, and such other factors as in the opinion of the court may be relevant.

- (h) A hearing held pursuant to this section shall be private unless the commissioner, in his or her discretion, after fully considering the views of the parties, determines that a public hearing is necessary to protect the public interest.
- (i) For purposes of this section, "subject person" means any officer, director, 10 percent or more shareholder, managing member, or general partner.
- SEC. 12. Section 17423.2 is added to the Financial Code, to read:
- 17423.2. (a) Notwithstanding Section 17423 or any other provision of law, the commissioner may issue an order suspending or removing a subject person of a licensee from his or her office with the licensee or from control of the licensee and prohibiting the subject person from further participating in any manner in the conduct of the business of the licensee, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, if, after notice and an opportunity for a hearing, the commissioner finds the following:
- (1) (A) The subject person has violated any provision of this division or of any regulation or order issued under this division, or any provision of any other applicable law relating to the business of a licensee; or
- (B) The subject person has engaged or participated in any unsafe or unsound act with respect to the business of the licensee; or
- (C) The subject person has committed or engaged in any act which constitutes a breach of his or her fiduciary duty as a subject person; and
- (2) (A) The licensee has suffered or will probably suffer substantial financial loss or other damage by reason of that violation, act, or breach of fiduciary duty; or

— 27 — SB 998

(B) The interests of the licensee's customers have been or are likely to be seriously prejudiced by reason of the violation, act, or breach of fiduciary duty; or

- (C) The subject person has received financial gain by reason of that violation, act, or breach of fiduciary duty; and
- (3) The violation, act, or breach of fiduciary duty is one involving personal dishonesty on the part of the subject person or one that demonstrates a willful or continuing disregard for the safety or soundness of the licensee's business.
- (b) The commissioner may issue an order suspending or removing a subject person of a licensee from his or her office with the licensee or from control of the licensee and prohibiting the subject person from further participating in any manner in the conduct of the business of the licensee, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, if, after notice and opportunity for a hearing, the commissioner finds the following:
- (1) The subject person's conduct or practice with respect to another licensee or business institution has resulted in substantial financial loss or other damage; and
- (2) The conduct or practice has evidenced personal dishonesty or willful or continuing disregard for the safety and soundness of the other licensee or business institution; and
- (3) That the conduct or practice is relevant in that it demonstrates unfitness to continue as a subject person of the licensee.
- (c) The commissioner may immediately issue an order suspending or removing a subject person of a licensee from his or her office with the licensee or from control of the licensee and prohibiting the subject person from further participating in any manner in the conduct of the business of the licensee, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, if the commissioner finds and provides the subject person notice of the following:
- (1) It is necessary for the protection of the licensee or the interests of the licensee's clients that the commissioner issue the order immediately, and
- (2) (A) Any of the factors set forth in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subdivision (a) and any of the factors set forth in paragraph (3) of subdivision (b) are true with respect to the subject person; or

SB 998 — 28—

(B) Any of the factors set forth in paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of subdivision (b), and the factor set forth in paragraph (3) of subdivision (b) are true with respect to the subject person.

- (d) (1) The commissioner may immediately issue an order suspending or removing a subject person of a licensee from his or her office with the licensee or from control of the licensee and prohibiting the subject person from further participating in any manner in the conduct of the business of the licensee, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, if the commissioner finds and gives the subject person notice of the following:
- (A) The subject person has been charged in an indictment issued by a grand jury or in an information, complaint, or similar pleading issued by a United States attorney, district attorney, or other governmental official or agency authorized to prosecute crimes, with a crime that is punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year and that involves dishonesty or breach of trust; and
- (B) The person's continuing to serve as a subject person of the licensee may pose a material threat to the interest of the licensee's clients or may threaten to materially impair public confidence in the licensee. In case the criminal proceedings are terminated other than by a judgment of conviction the order shall be deemed rescinded.
- (2) The commissioner may immediately issue an order suspending or removing a subject person of a licensee or a former subject of a licensee, from his or her office with the licensee or from control of the licensee, and prohibiting the person from further participating in any manner in the conduct of the business of the licensee, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, if the commissioner finds and gives the subject person notice of the following:
- (A) The person has been finally convicted of a crime that is punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year and which involves dishonesty or breach of trust; and
- (B) The person's continuing to serve or resumption of service as a subject person of the licensee may pose a material threat to the interests of the licensee's clients or may threaten to materially impair public confidence in the licensee.
- (3) The fact that a subject person of a licensee charged with a crime involving dishonesty or breach of trust is not finally

-29 - SB 998

convicted of that crime shall not preclude the commissioner from issuing an order regarding the subject person pursuant to other provisions of this division.

- (e) Within 30 days after an order is issued pursuant to subdivision (c) or (d), the person to whom the order is issued may file an application for a hearing.
- (f) Any person to whom an order is issued under subdivision (a), (b), (c), or (d) may apply to the commissioner to modify or rescind that order. The commissioner shall not grant that application unless the commissioner finds that it is in the public interest to do so and that it is reasonable to believe that the person will, if and when he or she becomes a subject person of a licensee, comply with all applicable provisions of the applicable law and of any regulation or order issued thereunder.
- (g) (1) It is unlawful for any subject person of a licensee or former subject person of a licensee to whom an order is issued under subdivision (a), (b), (c), or (d) to do any of the following, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, so long as the order is effective:
- (A) To serve or act as a officer, director, 10 percent or more shareholder, managing member, or general partner of any licensee.
- (B) To vote any shares or other securities of a licensee having voting rights, for the election of any person as a director of a licensee.
- (C) Directly or indirectly, to solicit, procure, or transfer or attempt to transfer, or vote any proxy, consent, or authorization with respect to any shares or other securities of any licensee having voting rights.
- (D) Otherwise to participate in any manner in the conduct of the business of any licensee.
- (2) Any person who violates paragraph (1) shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) or imprisoned in the state prison, or in a county jail not to exceed one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment.
- (3) If the commissioner believes that any person has violated paragraph (1), the commissioner may bring an action in a court of competent jurisdiction petitioning the court to assess that person a civil penalty in an amount as the commissioner may specify; provided, however, that the amount of the civil penalty shall not exceed two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) for each

SB 998 — 30—

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violation or, in the case of a continuing violation, two thousand
 five hundred dollars (\$2,500) for each day for which the violation
 continues.

In determining the amount of a civil penalty to be assessed under this paragraph, the court shall consider the financial resources and good faith of the person charged, the gravity of the violation, the history of previous violations by the person, and such other factors as in the opinion of the court may be relevant.

- (h) A hearing held pursuant to this section shall be private unless the commissioner, in his or her discretion, after fully considering the views of the parties, determines that a public hearing is necessary to protect the public interest.
- 13 (i) For purposes of this section, "subject person" means any 14 officer, director, 10 percent or more shareholder, managing 15 member, or general partner.
 - SEC. 13. Section 17703 is added to the Financial Code, to read:
 - 17703. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, it is unlawful for any person to knowingly alter, destroy, mutilate, conceal, cover up, falsify, or make a false entry in any record, document, or tangible object with the intent to impede, obstruct, or influence the administration or enforcement of any provision of this division.
 - (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, it is unlawful for any person to knowingly make an untrue statement to the commissioner during the course of licensing, an investigation or examination.
 - (c) Any person who violates any provision of this section shall be liable for any administrative, civil, or criminal penalty authorized by law.

SECTION 1.

- SEC. 14. Section 22050 of the Financial Code is amended to read:
- read:
 22050. (a) This division does not apply to any person doing business under any law of any state or of the United States relating to banks, trust companies, savings and loan associations, insurance premium finance agencies, credit unions, small business investment companies, California business and industrial development

corporations, or licensed pawnbrokers.

-31- SB 998

(b) This division does not apply to a check casher who holds a valid permit issued pursuant to Section 1789.37 of the Civil Code when acting under the authority of that permit, and shall not apply to a person holding a valid license issued pursuant to Section 23005 of the Financial Code when acting under the authority of that license.

- (c) This division does not apply to a college or university making a loan for the purpose of permitting a person to pursue a program or course of study leading to a degree or certificate.
- (d) This division does not apply to a broker-dealer acting pursuant to a certificate then in effect and issued pursuant to Section 25211 of the Corporations Code.
- (e) This division does not apply to any person who makes no more than one loan in a 12-month period as long as that loan is a commercial loan as defined in Section 22502.
- (f) This division does not apply to any public corporation as defined in Section 67510 of the Government Code, any public entity other than the state as defined in Section 811.2 of the Government Code, or any agency of any one or more of the foregoing, when making any loan so long as the public corporation, public entity, or agency of any one or more of the foregoing complies with all applicable federal and state laws and regulations.
 - (g) This section shall become operative December 31, 2004. SEC. 2.
- SEC. 15. Section 22065 is added to the Financial Code, to read:
- 22065. (a) This division shall not apply to a bona fide debt financing transaction as long as all of the following requirements are met:
 - (1) The loan is a commercial loan, as defined in Section 22502.
- (2) The borrower is a sophisticated borrower, as defined in subdivision (b).
- (3) The debt financing transaction is for an amount of at least one million dollars (\$1,000,000), exclusive of fees and expenses.
- (b) For purposes of this section, a sophisticated borrower means either of the following:
- 37 (1) An employee benefit plan within the meaning of the 38 Employee Retirement Income Security Act.

SB 998 -32-

(2) A charitable organization, corporation, limited liability company, trust, or partnership with assets exceeding five million dollars (\$5,000,000).

SEC. 3.

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SEC. 16. Section 22105 of the Financial Code is amended to read:

22105. Upon the filing of an application pursuant to Section 22101 and the payment of the fees, the commissioner shall investigate the applicant and its general partners and persons owning or controlling, directly or indirectly, 10 percent or more of the outstanding interests or any person responsible for the conduct of the applicant's lending activities in this state, if the applicant is a partnership. If the applicant is a corporation, trust, limited liability company, or association, including unincorporated organization, the commissioner shall investigate the applicant, its principal officers, directors, managing members, and persons owning or controlling, directly or indirectly, 10 percent or more of the outstanding equity securities or any person responsible for the conduct of the applicant's lending activities in this state. Upon the filing of an application pursuant to Section 22102 and the payment of the fees, the commissioner shall investigate the person responsible for the lending activity of the licensee at the new location described in the application. The investigation may be limited to information that was not included in prior applications filed pursuant to this division. If the commissioner determines that the applicant has satisfied this division and does not find facts constituting reasons for denial under Section 22109, the commissioner shall issue and deliver a license to the applicant.

For the purposes of this section, "principal officers" shall mean president, chief executive officer, treasurer, and chief financial officer, as may be applicable, and any other officer with direct responsibility for the conduct of the applicant's lending activities within the state.

SEC. 4.

36 SEC. 17. Section 22109 of the Financial Code is amended to read:

22109. (a) Upon reasonable notice and opportunity to be heard, the commissioner may deny the application for any of the following reasons:

33 SB 998

(1) A false statement of a material fact has been made in the application.

- (2) The applicant or an officer, director, general partner, person responsible for the applicant's lending activities in this state, or person owning or controlling, directly or indirectly, 10 percent or more of the outstanding interests or equity securities of the applicant has, within the last 10 years, been convicted of or pleaded nolo contendere to a crime, or committed an act involving dishonesty, fraud, or deceit, if the crime or act is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of a person engaged in business in accordance with this division.
- (3) The applicant or an officer, director, general partner, person responsible for the applicant's lending activities in this state, or person owning or controlling, directly or indirectly, 10 percent or more of the outstanding interests or equity securities of the applicant has violated any provision of this division or the rules thereunder or any similar regulatory scheme of the State of California or a foreign jurisdiction.
- (b) The application shall be considered withdrawn within the meaning of this section if the applicant fails to respond to a written notification of a deficiency in the application within 90 days of the date of the notification.
- (c) The commissioner shall, within 60 days from the filing of a full and complete application for a license with the fees, either issue a license or file a statement of issues prepared in accordance with Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 11500) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code.
- SEC. 18. Section 22169 is added to the Financial Code, to read:
- 22169. (a) Notwithstanding Sections 22109 and 22168 or any other provision of law, the commissioner may issue an order suspending or removing a subject person of a licensee from his or her office with the licensee or from control of the licensee and prohibiting the subject person from further participating in any manner in the conduct of the business of the licensee, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, if, after notice and opportunity for a hearing, the commissioner finds the following:
- (1) (A) The subject person has violated any provision of this division or of any regulation or order issued under this division,

SB 998 — 34—

or any provision of any other applicable law relating to the business of a licensee; or

- (B) The subject person has engaged or participated in any unsafe or unsound act with respect to the business of the licensee; or
- (C) The subject person has committed or engaged in any act which constitutes a breach of his or her fiduciary duty as a subject person; and
- (2) (A) The licensee has suffered or will probably suffer substantial financial loss or other damage by reason of that violation, act, or breach of fiduciary duty; or
- (B) The interests of the licensee's customers have been or are likely to be seriously prejudiced by reason of the violation, act, or breach of fiduciary duty; or
- (C) The subject person has received financial gain by reason of that violation, act, or breach of fiduciary duty; and
- (3) The violation, act, or breach of fiduciary duty is one involving personal dishonesty on the part of the subject person or one that demonstrates a willful or continuing disregard for the safety or soundness of the licensee's business.
- (b) The commissioner may issue an order suspending or removing a subject person of a licensee from his or her office with the licensee or from control of the licensee and prohibiting the subject person from further participating in any manner in the conduct of the business of the licensee, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, if, after notice and opportunity for a hearing, the commissioner finds the following:
- (1) The subject person's conduct or practice with respect to another licensee or business institution has resulted in substantial financial loss or other damage; and
- (2) The conduct or practice has evidenced personal dishonesty or willful or continuing disregard for the safety and soundness of the other licensee or business institution; and
- (3) The conduct or practice is relevant in that it demonstrates unfitness to continue as a subject person of the licensee.
- (c) The commissioner may immediately issue an order suspending or removing a subject person of a licensee from his or her office with the licensee or from control of the licensee and prohibiting the subject person from further participating in any manner in the conduct of the business of the licensee, except with

35 SB 998

the prior consent of the commissioner, if the commissioner finds and provides the subject person notice of the following:

- (1) It is necessary for the protection of the licensee or the interests of the licensee's clients that the commissioner issue the order immediately, and
- (2) (A) Any of the factors set forth in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subdivision (a) and any of the factors set forth in paragraph (3) of subdivision (b) are true with respect to the subject person; or
- (B) Any of the factors set forth in paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of subdivision (b), and the factor set forth in paragraph (3) of subdivision (b) are true with respect to the subject person.
- (d) (1) The commissioner may immediately issue an order suspending or removing a subject person of a licensee from his or her office with the licensee or from control of the licensee and prohibiting the subject person from further participating in any manner in the conduct of the business of the licensee, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, if the commissioner finds and gives the subject person notice of the following:
- (A) The subject person has been charged in an indictment issued by a grand jury or in an information, complaint, or similar pleading issued by a United States attorney, district attorney, or other governmental official or agency authorized to prosecute crimes, with a crime that is punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year and that involves dishonesty or breach of trust; and
- (B) The person's continuing to serve as a subject person of the licensee may pose a material threat to the interest of the licensee's clients or may threaten to materially impair public confidence in the licensee. In case the criminal proceedings are terminated other than by a judgment of conviction the order shall be deemed rescinded.
- (2) The commissioner may immediately issue an order suspending or removing a subject person of a licensee, or a former subject of a licensee, from his or her office with the licensee or from control of the licensee and prohibiting the person from further participating in any manner in the conduct of the business of the licensee, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, if the commissioner finds and gives the subject person notice of the following:

SB 998 -36-

(A) The person has been finally convicted of a crime that is punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year and that involves dishonesty or breach of trust; and

- (B) The person's continuing to serve or resumption of service as a subject person of the licensee may pose a material threat to the interests of the licensee's clients or may threaten to materially impair public confidence in the licensee.
- (3) The fact that a subject person of a licensee charged with a crime involving dishonesty or breach of trust is not finally convicted of that crime shall not preclude the commissioner from issuing an order regarding the subject person pursuant to other provisions of this division.
- (e) Within 30 days after an order is issued pursuant to subdivision (c) or (d), the person to whom the order is issued may file an application for a hearing.
- (f) Any person to whom an order is issued under subdivision (a), (b), (c), or (d) may apply to the commissioner to modify or rescind that order. The commissioner shall not grant that application unless the commissioner finds that it is in the public interest to do so and that it is reasonable to believe that the person will, if and when he or she becomes a subject person of a licensee, comply with all applicable provisions of the applicable law and of any regulation or order issued thereunder.
- (g) (1) It is unlawful for any subject person of a licensee or former subject person of a licensee to whom an order is issued under subdivision (a), (b), (c), or (d) to do any of the following, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, so long as the order is effective:
- (A) To serve or act as a officer, director, 10 percent or more shareholder, managing member, or general partner of any licensee.
- (B) To vote any shares or other securities of a licensee having voting rights, for the election of any person as a director of a licensee.
- (C) Directly or indirectly, to solicit, procure, or transfer or attempt to transfer, or vote any proxy, consent, or authorization with respect to any shares or other securities of any licensee having voting rights.
- (D) Otherwise to participate in any manner in the conduct of the business of any licensee.

37 SB 998

(2) Any person who violates paragraph (1) shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) or imprisoned in the state prison, or in a county jail not to exceed one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

(3) If the commissioner believes that any person has violated paragraph (1), the commissioner may bring an action in a court of competent jurisdiction petitioning the court to assess that person a civil penalty in an amount as the commissioner may specify; provided, however, that the amount of the civil penalty shall not exceed two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) for each violation or, in the case of a continuing violation, two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) for each day for which the violation continues.

In determining the amount of a civil penalty to be assessed under this paragraph, the court shall consider the financial resources and good faith of the person charged, the gravity of the violation, the history of previous violations by the person, and such other factors as in the opinion of the court may be relevant.

- (h) A hearing held pursuant to this section shall be private unless the commissioner, in his or her discretion, after fully considering the views of the parties, determines that a public hearing is necessary to protect the public interest.
- (i) For purposes of this section, "subject person" means any officer, director, 10 percent or more shareholder, managing member, or general partner.
- SEC. 19. Section 22170 is added to the Financial Code, to read:
- 22170. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, it is unlawful for any person to knowingly alter, destroy, mutilate, conceal, cover up, falsify, or make a false entry in any record, document, or tangible object with the intent to impede, obstruct, or influence the administration or enforcement of any provision of this division.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, it is unlawful for any person to knowingly make an untrue statement to the commissioner during the course of licensing, an investigation or examination.
- 38 (c) Any person who violates any provision of this section shall 39 be liable for any administrative, civil, or criminal penalty 40 authorized by law.

SB 998 — 38—

1 SEC. 20. Section 23011.5 is added to the Financial Code, to 2 read:

- 23011.5. (a) Notwithstanding Sections 23011 or any other provision of law, the commissioner may issue an order suspending or removing a subject person of a licensee from his or her office with the licensee or from control of the licensee and prohibiting the subject person from further participating in any manner in the conduct of the business of the licensee, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, if, after notice and opportunity for a hearing, the commissioner finds the following:
- (1) (A) The subject person has violated any provision of this division or of any regulation or order issued under this division, or any provision of any other applicable law relating to the business of a licensee; or
- (B) That the subject person has engaged or participated in any unsafe or unsound act with respect to the business of the licensee; or
- (C) The subject person has committed or engaged in any act which constitutes a breach of his or her fiduciary duty as a subject person; and
- (2) (A) The licensee has suffered or will probably suffer substantial financial loss or other damage by reason of that violation, act, or breach of fiduciary duty; or
- (B) The interests of the licensee's customers have been or are likely to be seriously prejudiced by reason of the violation, act, or breach of fiduciary duty; or
- (C) The subject person has received financial gain by reason of that violation, act, or breach of fiduciary duty; and
- (3) The violation, act, or breach of fiduciary duty is one involving personal dishonesty on the part of the subject person or one that demonstrates a willful or continuing disregard for the safety or soundness of the licensee's business.
- (b) The commissioner may issue an order suspending or removing a subject person of a licensee from his or her office with the licensee or from control of the licensee and prohibiting the subject person from further participating in any manner in the conduct of the business of the licensee, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, if, after notice and opportunity for a hearing, the commissioner finds the following:

-39 - SB 998

(1) The subject person's conduct or practice with respect to another licensee or business institution has resulted in substantial financial loss or other damage; and

- (2) The conduct or practice has evidenced personal dishonesty or willful or continuing disregard for the safety and soundness of the other licensee or business institution; and
- (3) The conduct or practice is relevant in that it demonstrates unfitness to continue as a subject person of the licensee.
- (c) The commissioner may immediately issue an order suspending or removing a subject person of a licensee from his or her office with the licensee or from control of the licensee and prohibiting the subject person from further participating in any manner in the conduct of the business of the licensee, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, if the commissioner finds and provides the subject person notice of the following:
- (1) It is necessary for the protection of the licensee or the interests of the licensee's clients that the commissioner issue the order immediately, and
- (2) (A) Any of the factors set forth in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subdivision (a) and any of the factors set forth in paragraph (3) of subdivision (b) are true with respect to the subject person; or
- (B) Any of the factors set forth in paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of subdivision (b), and the factor set forth in paragraph (3) of subdivision (b) are true with respect to the subject person.
- (d) (1) The commissioner may immediately issue an order suspending or removing a subject person of a licensee from his or her office with the licensee or from control of the licensee and prohibiting the subject person from further participating in any manner in the conduct of the business of the licensee, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, if the commissioner finds and gives the subject person notice of the following:
- (A) The subject person has been charged in an indictment issued by a grand jury or in an information, complaint, or similar pleading issued by a United States attorney, district attorney, or other governmental official or agency authorized to prosecute crimes, with a crime that is punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year and that involves dishonesty or breach of trust; and
- (B) The person's continuing to serve as a subject person of the licensee may pose a material threat to the interest of the licensee's

SB 998 —40—

clients or may threaten to materially impair public confidence in the licensee. In case the criminal proceedings are terminated other than by a judgment of conviction the order shall be deemed rescinded.

- (2) The commissioner may immediately issue an order suspending or removing a subject person of a licensee or a former subject of a licensee, from his or her office with the licensee or from control of the licensee, and prohibiting the person from further participating in any manner in the conduct of the business of the licensee, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, if the commissioner finds and gives the subject person notice of the following:
- (A) The person has been finally convicted of a crime that is punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year and that involves dishonesty or breach of trust; and
- (B) The person's continuing to serve or resumption of service as a subject person of the licensee may pose a material threat to the interests of the licensee's clients or may threaten to materially impair public confidence in the licensee.
- (3) The fact that a subject person of a licensee charged with a crime involving dishonesty or breach of trust is not finally convicted of that crime shall not preclude the commissioner from issuing an order regarding the subject person pursuant to other provisions of this division.
- (e) Within 30 days after an order is issued pursuant to subdivision (c) or (d), the person to whom the order is issued may file an application for a hearing.
- (f) Any person to whom an order is issued under subdivision (a), (b), (c), or (d) may apply to the commissioner to modify or rescind that order. The commissioner shall not grant that application unless the commissioner finds that it is in the public interest to do so and that it is reasonable to believe that the person will, if and when he or she becomes a subject person of a licensee, comply with all applicable provisions of the applicable law and of any regulation or order issued thereunder.
- (g) (1) It is unlawful for any subject person of a licensee or former subject person of a licensee to whom an order is issued under subdivision (a), (b), (c), or (d) to do any of the following, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, so long as the order is effective:

41 SB 998

(A) To serve or act as a officer, director, 10 percent or more shareholder, managing member, or general partner of any licensee.

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- (B) To vote any shares or other securities of a licensee having voting rights, for the election of any person as a director of a licensee.
- (C) Directly or indirectly, to solicit, procure, or transfer or attempt to transfer, or vote any proxy, consent, or authorization with respect to any shares or other securities of any licensee having voting rights.
- (D) Otherwise to participate in any manner in the conduct of the business of any licensee.
- (2) Any person who violates paragraph (1) shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) or imprisoned in the state prison, or in a county jail not to exceed one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment.
- (3) If the commissioner believes that any person has violated paragraph (1), the commissioner may bring an action in a court of competent jurisdiction petitioning the court to assess that person a civil penalty in an amount as the commissioner may specify; provided, however, that the amount of the civil penalty shall not exceed two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) for each violation or, in the case of a continuing violation, two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) for each day for which the violation continues.

In determining the amount of a civil penalty to be assessed under this paragraph, the court shall consider the financial resources and good faith of the person charged, the gravity of the violation, the history of previous violations by the person, and such other factors as in the opinion of the court may be relevant.

- (h) A hearing held pursuant to this section shall be private unless the commissioner, in his or her discretion, after fully considering the views of the parties, determines that a public hearing is necessary to protect the public interest.
- (i) For purposes of this section, "subject person" means any officer, director, 10 percent or more shareholder, managing member, or general partner.
- 37 SEC. 21. Section 23015 is added to the Financial Code, to 38 read:
 - 23015. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, it is unlawful for any person to knowingly alter, destroy, mutilate,

SB 998 — 42 —

conceal, cover up, falsify, or make a false entry in any record,
 document, or tangible object with the intent to impede, obstruct,
 or influence the administration or enforcement of any provision
 of this division.

- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, it is unlawful for any person to knowingly make an untrue statement to the commissioner during the course of licensing, an investigation or examination.
- (c) Any person who violates any provision of this section shall be liable for any administrative, civil, or criminal penalty authorized by law.

SEC. 5.

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- SEC. 22. Section 50123 of the Financial Code is amended to read:
- 50123. (a) A license shall remain in effect until suspended, surrendered, or revoked.
- (b) A licensee that ceases to engage in the business regulated by this division and desires to no longer be licensed shall inform the commissioner in writing and, at that time, surrender the license and all other indicia of licensure to the commissioner. The licensee shall file a plan for the withdrawal from regulated business, and the plan shall include a timetable for the disposition of the business. The plan shall also include a closing audit performed by an independent certified public accountant or a review or other procedure prescribed by rule or order of the commissioner. Upon receipt of the written notice and plan, the commissioner shall review the plan and, if satisfactory to the commissioner, shall accept the surrender of the license. A license is not surrendered until its tender is accepted in writing by the commissioner after a review, and a finding has been made on the licensee's plan required to be filed by this section, and a determination has been made that there is no violation of this law.
- (c) A licensee may not surrender its license under this division and, under the authority of a real estate license, subsequently engage in residential mortgage lending or servicing activities that are subject to this division, unless the licensee has been licensed under this division for a period of five years or more.
- 38 SEC. 23. Section 50318.5 is added to the Financial Code, to 39 read:

43 SB 998

50318.5. (a) Notwithstanding Section 50318 or any other provision of law, the commissioner may issue an order suspending or removing a subject person of a licensee from his or her office with the licensee or from control of the licensee and prohibiting the subject person from further participating in any manner in the conduct of the business of the licensee, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, if, after notice and opportunity for a hearing, the commissioner finds the following:

- (1) (A) The subject person has violated any provision of this division or of any regulation or order issued under this division, or any provision of any other applicable law relating to the business of a licensee; or
- (B) The subject person has engaged or participated in any unsafe or unsound act with respect to the business of the licensee; or
- (C) The subject person has committed or engaged in any act which constitutes a breach of his or her fiduciary duty as a subject person; and
- (2) (A) The licensee has suffered or will probably suffer substantial financial loss or other damage by reason of that violation, act, or breach of fiduciary duty; or
- (B) The interests of the licensee's customers have been or are likely to be seriously prejudiced by reason of the violation, act, or breach of fiduciary duty; or
- (C) The subject person has received financial gain by reason of that violation, act, or breach of fiduciary duty; and
- (3) The violation, act, or breach of fiduciary duty is one involving personal dishonesty on the part of the subject person or one that demonstrates a willful or continuing disregard for the safety or soundness of the licensee's business.
- (b) The commissioner may issue an order suspending or removing a subject person of a licensee from his or her office with the licensee or from control of the licensee and prohibiting the subject person from further participating in any manner in the conduct of the business of the licensee, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, if, after notice and opportunity for a hearing, the commissioner finds the following:
- (1) The subject person's conduct or practice with respect to another licensee or business institution has resulted in substantial financial loss or other damage; and

SB 998 —44—

(2) The conduct or practice has evidenced personal dishonesty or willful or continuing disregard for the safety and soundness of the other licensee or business institution; and

- (3) The conduct or practice is relevant in that it demonstrates unfitness to continue as a subject person of the licensee.
- (c) The commissioner may immediately issue an order suspending or removing a subject person of a licensee from his or her office with the licensee or from control of the licensee and prohibiting the subject person from further participating in any manner in the conduct of the business of the licensee, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, if the commissioner finds and provides the subject person notice of the following:
- (1) It is necessary for the protection of the licensee or the interests of the licensee's clients that the commissioner issue the order immediately, and
- (2) (A) Any of the factors set forth in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subdivision (a) and any of the factors set forth in paragraph (3) of subdivision (b) are true with respect to the subject person; or
- (B) Any of the factors set forth in paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of subdivision (b), and the factor set forth in paragraph (3) of subdivision (b) are true with respect to the subject person.
- (d) (1) The commissioner may immediately issue an order suspending or removing a subject person of a licensee from his or her office with the licensee or from control of the licensee and prohibiting the subject person from further participating in any manner in the conduct of the business of the licensee, except with the prior consent of the commissioner if the commissioner finds and gives the subject person notice of the following:
- (A) The subject person has been charged in an indictment issued by a grand jury or in an information, complaint, or similar pleading issued by a United States attorney, district attorney, or other governmental official or agency authorized to prosecute crimes, with a crime that is punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year and that involves dishonesty or breach of trust; and
- (B) The person's continuing to serve as a subject person of the licensee may pose a material threat to the interest of the licensee's clients or may threaten to materially impair public confidence in the licensee. In case the criminal proceedings are terminated other

45 SB 998

than by a judgment of conviction the order shall be deemed rescinded.

- (2) The commissioner may immediately issue an order suspending or removing a subject person of a licensee, or a former subject of a licensee, from his or her office with the licensee or from control of the licensee and prohibiting the person from further participating in any manner in the conduct of the business of the licensee, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, if the commissioner finds and gives the subject person notice of the following:
- (A) The person has been finally convicted of a crime that is punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year and that involves dishonesty or breach of trust; and
- (B) The person's continuing to serve or resumption of service as a subject person of the licensee may pose a material threat to the interests of the licensee's clients or may threaten to materially impair public confidence in the licensee.
- (3) The fact that a subject person of a licensee charged with a crime involving dishonesty or breach of trust is not finally convicted of that crime shall not preclude the commissioner from issuing an order regarding the subject person pursuant to other provisions of this division.
- (e) Within 30 days after an order is issued pursuant to subdivision (c) or (d), the person to whom the order is issued may file an application for a hearing.
- (f) Any person to whom an order is issued under subdivision (a), (b), (c), or (d) may apply to the commissioner to modify or rescind that order. The commissioner shall not grant that application unless the commissioner finds that it is in the public interest to do so and that it is reasonable to believe that the person will, if and when he or she becomes a subject person of a licensee, comply with all applicable provisions of the applicable law and of any regulation or order issued thereunder.
- (g) (1) It is unlawful for any subject person of a licensee or former subject person of a licensee to whom an order is issued under subdivision (a), (b), (c), or (d) to do any of the following, except with the prior consent of the commissioner, so long as the order is effective:
- (A) To serve or act as a officer, director, 10 percent or more shareholder, managing member, or general partner of any licensee.

SB 998 —46—

(B) To vote any shares or other securities of a licensee having voting rights, for the election of any person as a director of a licensee.

- (C) Directly or indirectly, to solicit, procure, or transfer or attempt to transfer, or vote any proxy, consent, or authorization with respect to any shares or other securities of any licensee having voting rights.
- (D) Otherwise to participate in any manner in the conduct of the business of any licensee.
- (2) Any person who violates paragraph (1) shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) or imprisoned in the state prison, or in a county jail not to exceed one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment.
- (3) If the commissioner believes that any person has violated paragraph (1), the commissioner may bring an action in a court of competent jurisdiction petitioning the court to assess that person a civil penalty in an amount as the commissioner may specify; provided, however, that the amount of the civil penalty shall not exceed two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) for each violation or, in the case of a continuing violation, two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) for each day for which the violation continues.

In determining the amount of a civil penalty to be assessed under this paragraph, the court shall consider the financial resources and good faith of the person charged, the gravity of the violation, the history of previous violations by the person, and such other factors as in the opinion of the court may be relevant.

- (h) A hearing held pursuant to this section shall be private unless the commissioner, in his or her discretion, after fully considering the views of the parties, determines that a public hearing is necessary to protect the public interest.
- (i) For purposes of this section, "subject person" means any officer, director, 10 percent or more shareholder, managing member, or general partner.
- SEC. 24. Section 50512 is added to the Financial Code, to read:
- 50512. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, it is unlawful for any person to knowingly alter, destroy, mutilate, conceal, cover up, falsify, or make a false entry in any record, document, or tangible object with the intent to impede, obstruct,

__47__ SB 998

or influence the administration or enforcement of any provision of this division.

- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, it is unlawful for any person to knowingly make an untrue statement to the commissioner during the course of licensing, an investigation or examination.
- (c) Any person who violates any provision of this section shall be liable for any administrative, civil, or criminal penalty authorized by law.
- SEC. 25. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIIIB of the California Constitution because the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIIIB of the California